Altech Chemicals Limited ASX: ATC FRA:A3Y

Silumina Anode Project

lggy Tan Managing Director





- Halve the cost per KWh of battery production
- Below the \$US100/KWh threshold
- "4680" Tesla cell (5x energy, 6x power)
- 3TWh per year at its own factories by 2030

Tesla Vision

SSLA

- Equal 20 giga factories
- Increased use of Silicon in anodes



- Predominant development of cathodes
- Increasing Ni, Co content
- Higher energy density



Capacity development in cathodes









- 8-10% of Li forms SEI coating on anode particles
- Becomes inactive on first charge
- Reduces battery life
- Industry has been trying to solve this problem
- Many research literature shows alumina coating works
- But currently expensive and not commercial

First cycle loss capacity





Number of Cycles

First cycle loss capacity - reduced battery life



- Reduces first cycle loss (Tau et al., 2019)
- Improves cycling stability
- Improves high-rate performance (Feng et al., 2016)
- Improves fast charging capability (Kim et al., 2016)
- Prevents thermal runaway under mechanical abuse (Xu et al. 2019)

Why HPA Coating ?



Literature - Alumina coated graphite performance ¹



1. Synthesis of Alumina-Coated Natural Graphite for Highly Cycling Stability and Safety of Li-Ion Batteries Tao Xu, Chengkun Zhou, Haihui Zhou,* ZekunWang, Jianguo Ren



Nail Test – Coated graphite prevents runaway¹



Non Coated graphite 600 Deg C

Coated graphite 100 Deg C

1. Synthesis of Alumina-Coated Natural Graphite for Highly Cycling Stability and Safety of Li-Ion Batteries Tao Xu, Chengkun Zhou, Haihui Zhou,* ZekunWang, Jianguo Ren



- 1. Vapour Method
 - Atomic Layer Deposition costly, complex, not mass production
- 2. Solids Method
 - Non continuous layer
- 3. Liquid Method
 - Most promising
 - Easy to comercialise



Coating Methods









5-10 nm

Thick irregular alumina coating

Current attempts at alumina coating

Under the Electron Microscope





- Cheaper process
- Easier and simple to commercialize
- High purity alumina coating less contamination
- Coating layer uniform
- Lower processing temperature
- Adjust layer thickness diff applications

Our Coating Advantages



- Ten times capacity Si (3,579 mAh/g) C (372 mAh/g)
- Promising anode material
- But volume expansion 300% on lithiation (C 13%)
- But 40-50% first cycle loss
- But higher fade during life (short cycle life)

Silicon most promising future anode additive









Silicon

Size-Dependent Fracture of Silicon Nanoparticles During Lithiation

Xiao Hua Liu,[†] Li Zhong,[‡] Shan Huang,[§] Scott X. Mao,[‡] Ting Zhu,^{§,*} and Jian Yu Huang^{†,*}

[†]Center for Integrated Nanotechnologies (CINT), Sandia National Laboratories, Albuquerque, New Mexico 87185, United States, [‡]Department of Mechanical Engineering and Materials Science, University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15261, United States, and [§]Woodruff School of Mechanical Engineering, Georgia Institute of Technology, Atlanta, Georgia 30332, United States

ithium ion batteries (LIBs) are widely used as power devices for portable electronics. For more demanding applications such as powering electric vehicles, LIBs with radically improved energy density and power capability are highly desirable.^{1–4} Silicon represents one of the most promising anode materials for the





Milling costly to get to 150 *nm*





Altech's R&D Facility – Perth, Western Australia







BREAKTHROUGH 30% HIGHER ENERGY DENSITY IN LITHIUM-ION BATTERIES



Today, an Australian company has achieved the game changing breakthrough and produced a lithium-ion battery with 30% more anode energy capacity than a conventional lithium-ion battery. The Company was able to successfully incorporate alumina coated silicon into the graphite anode of lithium-ion batteries and achieve higher energy capacity as well as good stability and cycling performance.



Silicon Graphite Anode Performance





Impact of Silicon in anodes on Tesla Model 3





- Collaboration agreement with SGL Carbon
- Europe leading synthetic graphite producer

Ferroglobe



- Collaboration agreement with Ferroglobe
- Leading Li-ion battery Si supplier
- Alumina coating of silicon seen as long-term solution

Collaboration Agreements with European Partners



- 10,0000 tpa Silumina Anode Plant
- Or 15 GW capacity
- Schwarze Pumpe, Saxony State, Germany

Silumina

Anode Project

15 GW

Dresden

sau

Jena •

Thuringia

Gera

Leipzig

Saxony

Zwickau

- Accredited as a Green Project (CICERO)
- Pre-feasibility battery materials completed







- Low capital cost of US\$95 million
- Pre-tax NPV₈ US\$507 million
- Attractive Internal Rate of Return of 40%
- EBITDA US\$63 million p.a.
- Payback (full rate) 3.1 years
- Revenue per annum of US\$185 million
- Proceeding with Definitive Feasibility Study

Notes:

Pre-tax and pre-finance equity model

 (Refer to ASX Announcement "Outstanding preliminary feasibility study for Silumina Anode battery materials project" dated 20 April 2022. The Company confirms that as at the date of this announcement there are no material changes to the material assumptions adopted in the study, including the production target, that underpins the financial information derived from the study.)

Altech Batteries Limited ASX : "ATC" FRA : "A3Y"

Economics Preliminary Feasibility Study (PFS)

8569





- Next chapter of Li-ion battery story is Europe
- Europe major battery industry
- Stringent 2020 EU CO2 emission (95g/km)
- Push to EVs by European car manufacturers
- Capacity of 600 GWh by 2024
- Less reliant on Asia

Europe's Push for Battery Industry





By 2025 \$3.5b pa



BENTLEY

By 2030

By 2030 \$6.5b







Mercedes-Benz By 2040 \$47b **AUÒI** By 2033

European auto market all electric by

Li-Ion Battery Cell Capacity - Europe



Altech Chemicals



Europe Graphite Demand of 600ktpa by 2030

Graphite Demand from European Gigafactories





- For commercial samples to interested customers
- 120 Kg day Pilot Plant been constructed
- At Dock3 Schwarze Pumpe Complex
- Front end in commissioning

Silumina Anode Pilot Plant In Progress





Made in German Net Weight 200kg

Silumina An, des™